



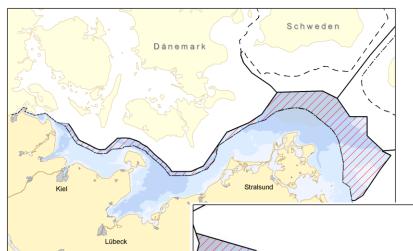
The Licensing Procedure for Offshore Wind Farms in the German EEZ

Bremerhaven, 20 February 2014

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German Exclusive Economic Zone



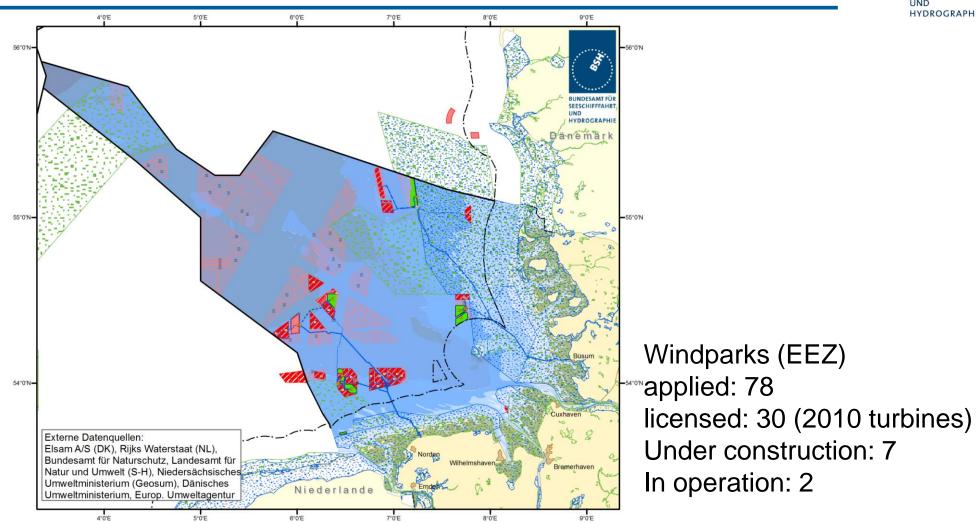


Baltic Sea: 4.500 km²

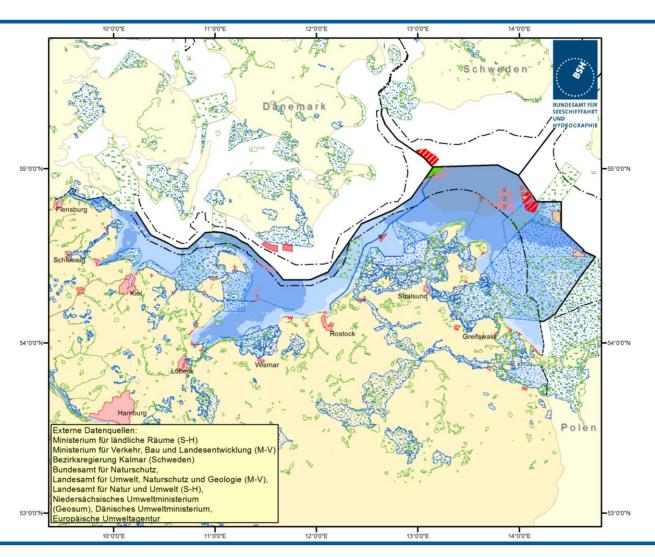


North Sea: 28.600 km²









Windparks (EEZ)

applied: 17

licensed: 3 (240 turbines)

Under construction: 1

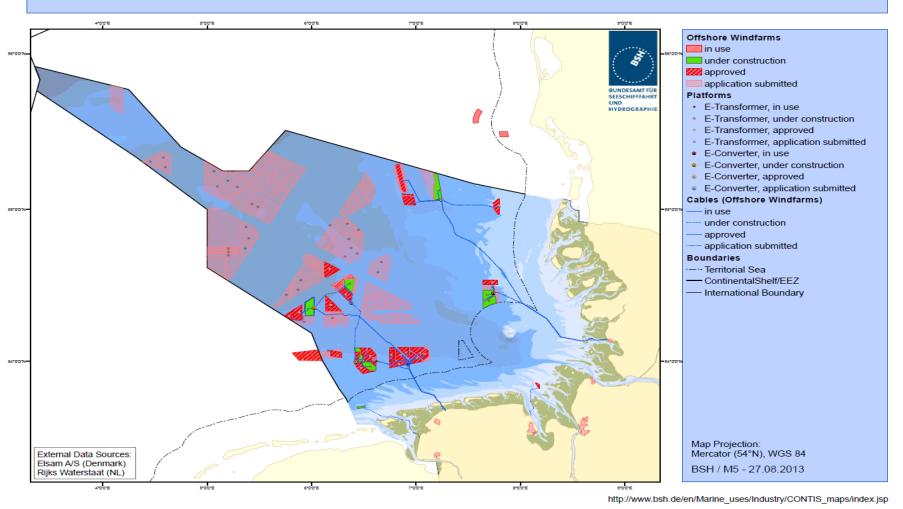
In operation: 0

Offshore Activities 2014



BUNDESAMT FÜR SEESCHIFFFAHRT UND HYDROGRAPHIE

North Sea: Offshore Windfarms



5

Legal basis for approval procedures in the German EEZ



Marine Facilities Ordinance (Seeanlagenverordnung)

Installation and operation of OWT require planning approval (Planfeststellung)

A plan may be only approved if there is:

- no threat to the marine environment
- no threat to safety or efficiency of shipping traffic
- no threat to national or allied defence
- other public law requirements

Positive:

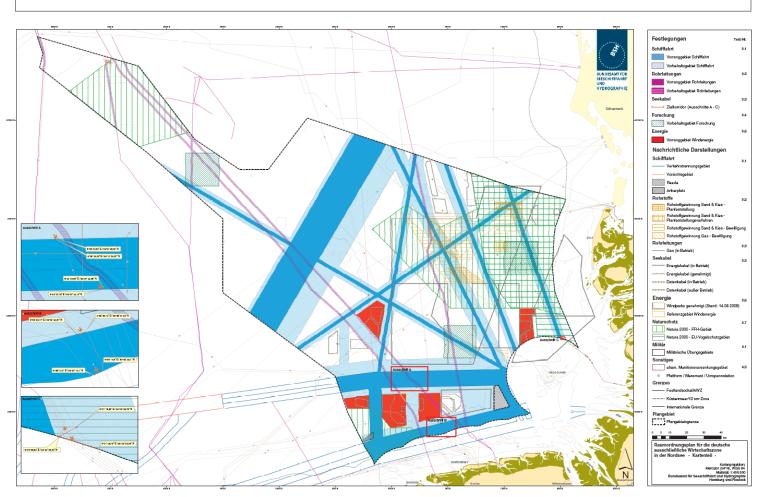
- concentrating effect, no other public law licenses are necessary (all licenses are concentrated within one license)
- balancing of interests (fishery, sand and gravel....)

Compliance with Spatial Planning Aims



HYDROGRAPHIE

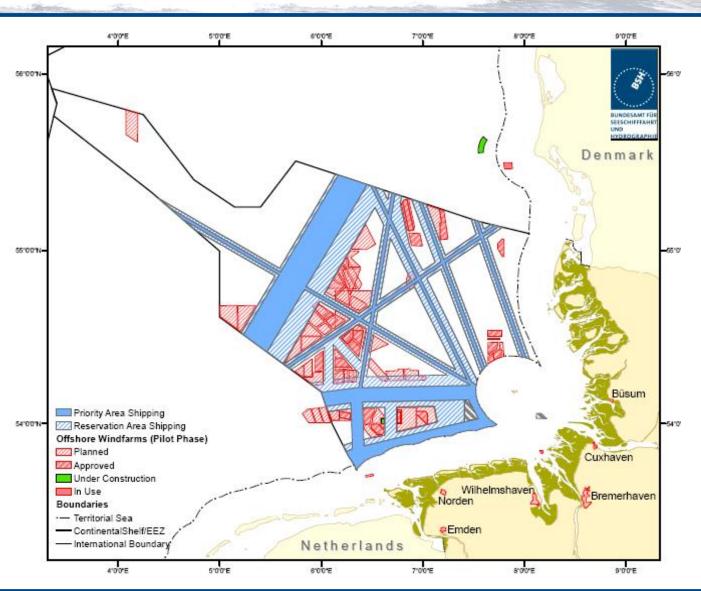
Raumordnungsplan für die deutsche ausschließliche Wirtschaftszone in der Nordsee - Kartenteil -



Spatial Plan for the German EEZ of North and Baltic Sea since 2009

Effects of the spatial planning





Effects of the spatial planning:

Applications for windparks followed the draft of the spatial plan, but rules for spatial-temporal development are missing

Approval Process



Genehmigung

Northern Energy OWP Albatros G

Approval Procedure for installations in the EEZ:

- project application
- 1st round of participation: small circle of authorities
- 2nd round of participation: broader circle including several NGOs and associations → application conference (scoping)
- decision (depending on quality of documents after roughly 3 years)

Application Documents



- Environmental Impact Study
- Technical Risk Analysis about the probability of a ship/wind turbinecollision
- Design Basis (according to Standard "Design of OWT")
- Preliminary Draft of Installation Structure (according to Standard "Design of OWT")
- Prognosis on the hull-retaining configuration of the substructure of the foundations

BSH-Standards



HYDROGRAPHIE

Standard Ground Investigations for Offshore Wind Farms

- update February 2014
- geotechnical and geophysical requirements

Standard Ground Investigations for Offshore Wind Farms When the state of the state

Standard Design of Offshore Wind Turbines

- since June 2007
- Requirements for the construction and certification of constructional components of an offshore windfarm



BSH-Standards



Standard Investigation of the Impacts of Offshore Wind Turbines on the Marine Environment (StUK)

- 4th edition of Oktober 2013
- Requirements for the Environmental Impact Study and Monitoring during construction and operation



http://www.bsh.de/en/Products/Books/Standard/index.jsp

Environmental Impact Assessment



Assessment of marine environment

intensive investigations of the features of the project area in the sea before approval

Monitoring program (several years) during construction and operation



investigated subjects:

- Benthos
- Fish
- Birds (resting birds, migratory birds)
- Marine mammals (harbour porpoise, seals)
- natural scenery
- cultural assets

Condition on Mitigation Measures for Marine Mammals



Noise Mitigation Concept:

- Report on background noise in the construction area
- Emission forecast for construction period
- Use of acoustic deterrents
- Use of soft start method
- Use of noise mitigating work methods:



- → Sound Exposure Level (SEL) must not exceed 160 dB (re 1 µPa) outside of a circle of 750m radius and the Peak Level (L_{peak}) must not exceed 190 dB (threshold formulated by Federal Environmental Agency (UBA))
- Monitoring of deterrence and mitigation measures
- Reporting at short notice (during construction period)

Standard Contents of an Approval



- requirements for safe construction
- use of environmentally friendly substances, non-reflecting coating
- requirement for "collision-friendly" foundations
- requirement for noise mitigation measures
- requirements regarding the equipment (including nautical lights and AIS)
- time-limit for start of construction to avoid occupation of space
- limitation of the operation to 25 years (duty to deconstruction)
- duty to deconstruction and financial security for safeguarding the costs of deconstruction

